Senate Bill No. 108

(By Senators Laird, Stollings, Jenkins, Plymale and Miller)

[Introduced February 13, 2013; referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources; and then to the Committee on Government Organization.]

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §61-12A-1, §61-12A-2, §61-12A-3, §61-12A-4, §61-12A-5 and §61-12A-6, all relating to the creation of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team under the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner; setting forth legislative findings; setting forth membership of the team and terms of office; setting forth responsibilities of the team; providing for certain actions the team may not take in exercising its duties; providing for an annual report to the Governor and Legislature and its contents; providing for confidentiality of the team's

proceedings, records and opinions; setting forth record-keeping requirements; authorizing access to certain records; requiring other state and local agencies to cooperate with the team; and granting rule-making authority.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §61-12A-1, §61-12A-2, §61-12A-3, §61-12A-4, §61-12A-5 and §61-12A-6, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12A. UNINTENTIONAL PHARMACEUTICAL DRUG OVERDOSE FATALITY REVIEW TEAM.

§61-12A-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds:
- 2 (1) That pharmaceutical drug abuse and addiction has
- 3 become an increasingly serious public health and law-
- 4 enforcement problem throughout the State of West Virginia,
- 5 affecting the quality of life in the communities in which we
- 6 live;

- 7 (2) That the increased and growing number of
- 8 unintentional overdose deaths associated with the nonmedical
- 9 use and diversion of pharmaceutical drugs, primarily opioid
- 10 analgesics, is unacceptable and requires further public policy
- 11 consideration and action; and
- 12 (3) That problems related to pharmaceutical drug abuse
- 13 and addiction, the nonmedical use and diversion of
- 14 pharmaceutical drugs and unintentional pharmaceutical drug
- 15 overdose deaths are complex problems requiring
- 16 multidisciplinary review, study and planning to assist in the
- 17 identification and further development of public policies
- 18 intended to address these problems in the future.

§61-12A-2. Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team.

- 1 (a) The Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose
- 2 Fatality Review Team is hereby created under the Office of
- 3 the Chief Medical Examiner. The Unintentional
- 4 Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team is a

- 5 multidisciplinary team created to examine, review and
- 6 analyze the deaths of all persons in the State of West Virginia
- 7 who die as a result of unintentional prescription or
- 8 pharmaceutical drug overdoses.
- 9 (b) The Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose
- 10 Fatality Review Team shall consist of the following members
- 11 appointed by the Governor:
- 12 (1) The Chief Medical Examiner in the Bureau for Public
- 13 Health or his or her designee, who is to serve as the
- 14 chairperson and who is responsible for calling and
- 15 coordinating all meetings;
- 16 (2) The Director of the West Virginia State Board of
- 17 Pharmacy or his or her designee;
- 18 (3) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health or
- 19 his or her designee;
- 20 (4) The Director of the Division of Vital Statistics or his
- 21 or her designee;

- 22 (5) The Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police
- 23 or his or her designee;
- 24 (6) One representative who is a physician nominated by
- 25 the West Virginia State Medical Association. Each
- 26 appointment of a physician, whether for a full term or to fill
- 27 a vacancy, is to be made by the Governor from among three
- 28 nominees selected by the West Virginia State Medical
- 29 Association;
- 30 (7) One representative who is a registered nurse
- 31 nominated by the West Virginia Nurses Association. Each
- 32 appointment of a registered nurse, whether for a full term or
- 33 to fill a vacancy, is to be made by the Governor from among
- 34 three nominees selected by the West Virginia Nurses
- 35 Association;
- 36 (8) One representative who is a doctor of osteopathy
- 37 nominated by the West Virginia Society of Osteopathic
- 38 Medicine. Each appointment of a doctor of osteopathy,
- 39 whether for a full term or to fill a vacancy, is to be made by

- 40 the Governor from among three nominees selected by the
- 41 West Virginia Society of Osteopathic Medicine;
- 42 (9) One licensed physician or doctor of osteopathy who
- 43 practices pain management as a principal part of his or her
- 44 practice;
- 45 (10) One representative who is a doctor of pharmacy,
- 46 with a background in prescription drug abuse and diversion,
- 47 nominated by the West Virginia Pharmacists Association;
- 48 (11) One representative who is a licensed counselor
- 49 nominated by the West Virginia Association of Alcoholism
- 50 and Drug Abuse Counselors;
- 51 (12) One representative of the United States Drug
- 52 Enforcement Administration;
- 53 (13) One representative who is a prosecuting attorney
- 54 nominated by the West Virginia Prosecuting Attorneys
- 55 Institute;
- 56 (14) A person who is considered an expert in bio-ethics
- 57 training;

- 58 (15) One representative who is a licensed dentist
- 59 nominated by the Board of Dental Examiners. Each
- 60 appointment of a dentist, whether for a full term or to fill a
- 61 vacancy, is to be made by the Governor from among three
- 62 nominees selected by the West Virginia Dental Association;
- 63 and
- 64 (16) Any additional persons that the chairperson of the
- 65 team determines is needed in the review and consideration of
- 66 a particular case.
- 67 (c) The Governor may make appointments without
- 68 nomination for all representatives identified in subsection (b)
- 69 of this section where a list of nominees is not required.
- 70 (d) Each member of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical
- 71 Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team shall serve for a term
- 72 of three years, unless otherwise reappointed to a second or
- 73 subsequent term. Members shall continue to serve until their
- 74 respective terms expire or until their successors have been
- 75 appointed.

- 76 (e) Each member of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical
- 77 Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team shall serve without
- 78 additional compensation and may not be reimbursed for any
- 79 expenses incurred in the discharge of his or her duties under
- 80 the provisions of this article.

§61-12A-3. Responsibilities of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team.

- 1 (a) The Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose
- 2 Fatality Review Team shall:
- 3 (1) Review and analyze all deaths occurring within the
- 4 State of West Virginia where the cause of death was
- 5 determined to be due to unintentional pharmaceutical drug
- 6 overdose, specifically excluding the death of persons
- 7 suffering from a mortal disease or instances where the
- 8 manner of the overdose death was suicide;
- 9 (2) Ascertain and document the trends, patterns and risk
- 10 factors related to unintentional pharmaceutical drug overdose
- 11 fatalities occurring within the State of West Virginia;

- 12 (3) Ascertain and document patterns related to the sale
- 13 and distribution of pharmaceutical prescriptions by those
- 14 otherwise licensed to provide said prescriptions, including
- 15 the application of information included within the Controlled
- 16 Substances Monitoring Program database kept and
- 17 maintained by the West Virginia Board of Pharmacy;
- 18 (4) Develop and implement standards for the uniform and
- 19 consistent reporting of unintentional pharmaceutical drug
- 20 overdose deaths by law-enforcement or other emergency-
- 21 service responders; and
- 22 (5) Provide statistical information and analysis regarding
- 23 the causes of unintentional pharmaceutical drug overdose
- 24 fatalities.
- 25 (b) The Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose
- 26 Fatality Review Team, in the exercise of its duties as defined
- 27 in this section, may not:
- 28 (1) Call witnesses or take testimony from individuals
- 29 involved in the investigation of a pharmaceutical drug
- 30 overdose fatality;

- 31 (2) Contact a family member of the deceased;
- 32 (3) Enforce any public health standard or criminal law or
- 33 otherwise participate in any legal proceeding; or
- 34 (4) Otherwise take any action which, in the determination
- 35 of a prosecuting attorney or his or her assistants, impairs the
- 36 ability of the prosecuting attorney, his or her assistants or any
- 37 law-enforcement officer to perform his or her statutory
- 38 duties.
- 39 (c) The Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose
- 40 Fatality Review Team shall submit an annual report to the
- 41 Governor and to the Legislative Oversight Commission on
- 42 Health and Human Resources Accountability concerning its
- 43 activities within the state. The report is due annually on
- 44 December 1. The report is to include statistical information
- 45 concerning cases reviewed during the year, trends and
- 46 patterns concerning these cases and the team's
- 47 recommendations to reduce the number of unintentional
- 48 pharmaceutical drug overdose fatalities in the state.

§61-12A-4. Access to Information; Other agencies of government required to cooperate.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
- 2 the contrary, the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug
- 3 Overdose Fatality Review Team may request information and
- 4 records as necessary to carry out its responsibilities. Records
- 5 and information that may be requested under this section
- 6 include:
- 7 (1) Medical, dental and mental health records;
- 8 (2) Substance abuse records to the extent allowed by
- 9 federal law; and
- 10 (3) Information and records maintained by any state,
- 11 county and local government agency, except as provided in
- 12 subdivision (4), subsection (b), section three of this article.
- 13 (b) State, county and local government agencies shall
- 14 provide the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose
- 15 Fatality Review Team with any information requested in
- 16 writing by the team.

§61-12A-5. Confidentiality.

- Proceedings, records opinions 1 (a) and of the 2 Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality 3 Review Team are confidential and are not subject to discovery, subpoena or introduction into evidence in any 4 5 civil or criminal proceeding. This section does not limit or restrict the right to discover or use in any civil or criminal proceeding anything that is available from another source and 7 entirely independent of the proceedings of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team. 10 (b) Members of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team may not be questioned in 11
- any civil or criminal proceeding regarding information presented in or opinions formed as a result of a meeting of the team. This subsection does not prevent a member of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team from testifying to information obtained independently of the team or which is public information.

- 18 (c) Proceedings, records and opinions of the Unintentional
- 19 Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team are
- 20 exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act,
- 21 article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.

§61-12A-6. Rules.

- 1 The Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, in consultation
- 2 with the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality
- 3 Review Team, shall propose rules for legislative approval in
- 4 accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
- 5 code. Those rules shall include, at a minimum:
- 6 (1) The standard procedures for the conduct of the
- 7 Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality
- 8 Review Team;
- 9 (2) The processes and protocols for the review and
- 10 analysis of unintentional pharmaceutical drug overdoses
- 11 resulting in fatalities of those who were not suffering from
- 12 mortal diseases shortly before death;
- 13 (3) The processes and protocols to ensure confidentiality
- 14 of records obtained by the Unintentional Pharmaceutical
- 15 Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team; and

- 16 (4) Such other rules as may be deemed necessary to
- 17 effectuate the purposes of this article.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to create the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team under the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner. The bill sets forth legislative findings. The bill sets forth membership of the team and terms of office. The bill sets forth responsibilities of the team. The bill provides for certain actions the team may not take in exercising its duties. The bill provides for an annual report to the Governor and Legislature and its contents. The bill provides for confidentiality of the team's proceedings, records and opinions. The bill sets forth record-keeping requirements. The bill authorizes access to certain records. The bill requires other state and local agencies to cooperate with the team. The bill grants rule-making authority.

This article is new; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.)

GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

By striking out the title and substituting therefor a new title, to read as follows:

Eng. Senate Bill No. 108–A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §61-12A-1, §61-12A-2, §61-12A-3, §61-12A-4, §61-12A-5 and §61-12A-6, all relating to the creation of the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team under the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner; setting forth legislative findings; setting forth membership of the team and terms of office; setting forth responsibilities of the team; providing for certain actions the team may not take in exercising its duties; providing for an annual report to the Governor and Legislature and its contents; providing for confidentiality of the team's proceedings, records and opinions; setting forth record-keeping requirements; authorizing access to certain records; requiring other state and local agencies to cooperate with the team; and directing the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, in consultation with the Unintentional Pharmaceutical Drug Overdose Fatality Review Team, to propose legislative rules.